

Monitoring the Implementation of SDGs: The Possible Role of CAREC

Guldana Sadykova

CAREC Senior Regional Cooperation Coordinator for Kazakhstan

SPECA Workshop on Transport related Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Astana, 2-3 November, 2017

ADB supporting transport policy and planning at different levels

Level

Examples

Global

 Working with other MDBs through the MDB Working Group on Sustainable Transport to shape SDGs

Today's Focus

Regional

 Central Asia Regional Economic Cooperation (CAREC) Transport and Trade Facilitation Strategy

National

- Georgia National Transport Policy
- Pakistan National Transport Policy

Urban/municipal

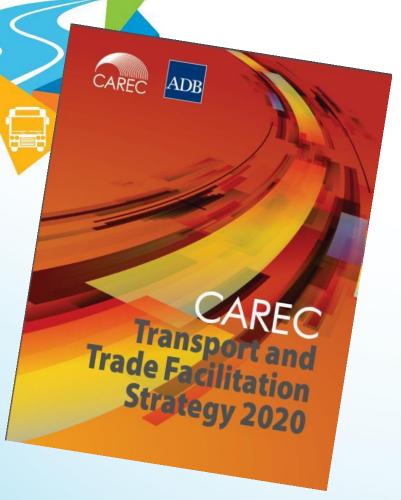
Tbilisi Sustainable Urban Transport Strategy



What is CAREC?

- 11 member countries: Afghanistan, Azerbaijan, P.R.China, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Mongolia, Pakistan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan
- 6 Multilateral Institutions: ADB,
 EBRD, IMF, IsDB, UNDP, World Bank
- 4 priority sectors: transport, trade facilitation, trade policy, energy

CAREC Transport and Trade Facilitation Strategy 2020



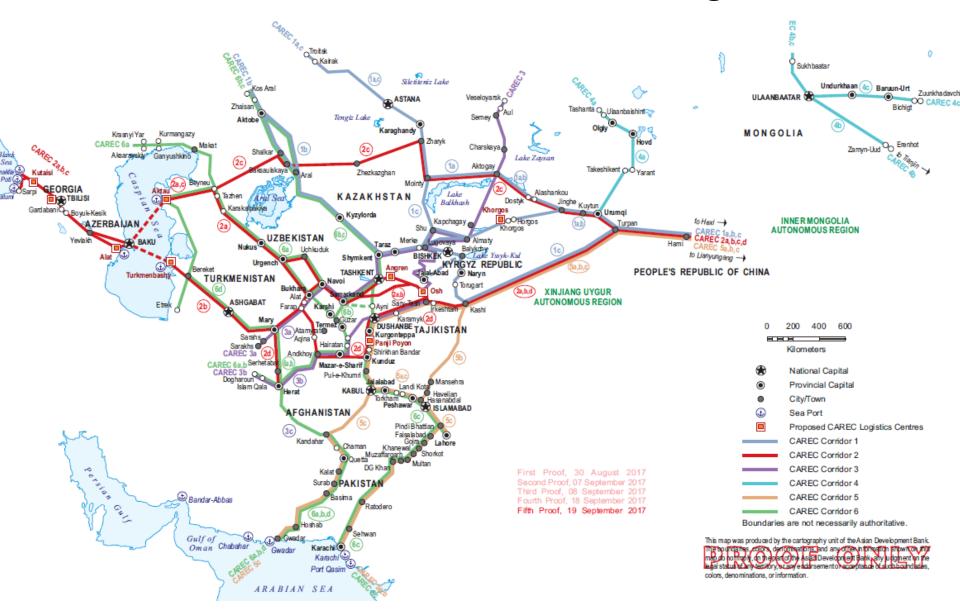
Strategic Priorities:

- Develop Multimodal Corridor Network
- Improve Trade and Border Crossing Services
- Improve Operational and Institutional Effectiveness

Priority Investments:

- 108 projects (7 newly completed projects in 2016)
- Estimated cost of \$43B

I. Develop Multimodal Corridor Network Now with extension to Georgia





1. Develop Multimodal Corridor Network – Targets (by 2020)

Roads

7,800 km of expressways or national highways built or improved

Rail

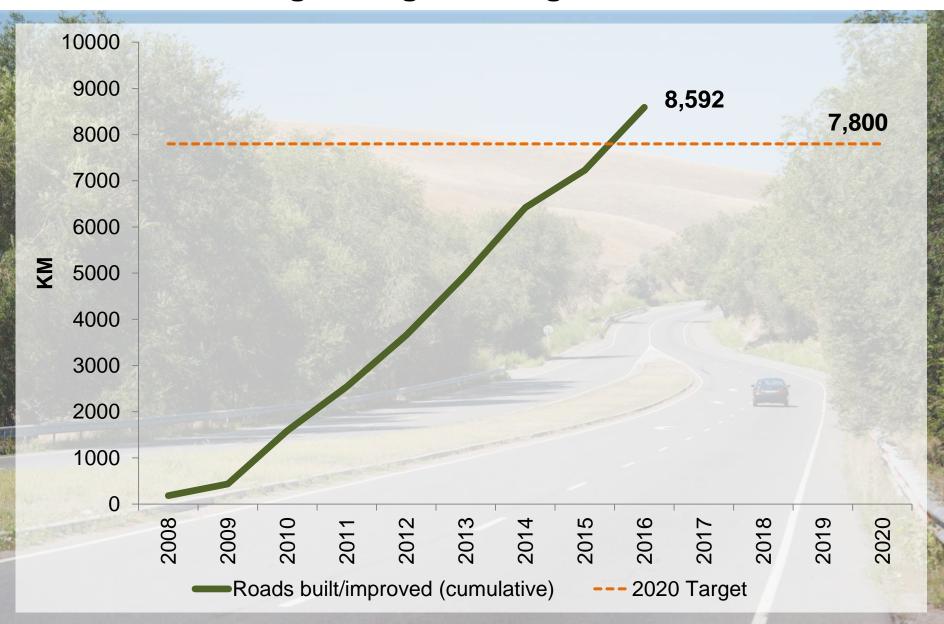
1,800 of new railways constructed and 2,000 km of railway track renovated, electrified or signalized

- Logistic Centers
 Five multimodal logistic centers operational
- Border Crossing Points
 At least five border crossing points completed/improved



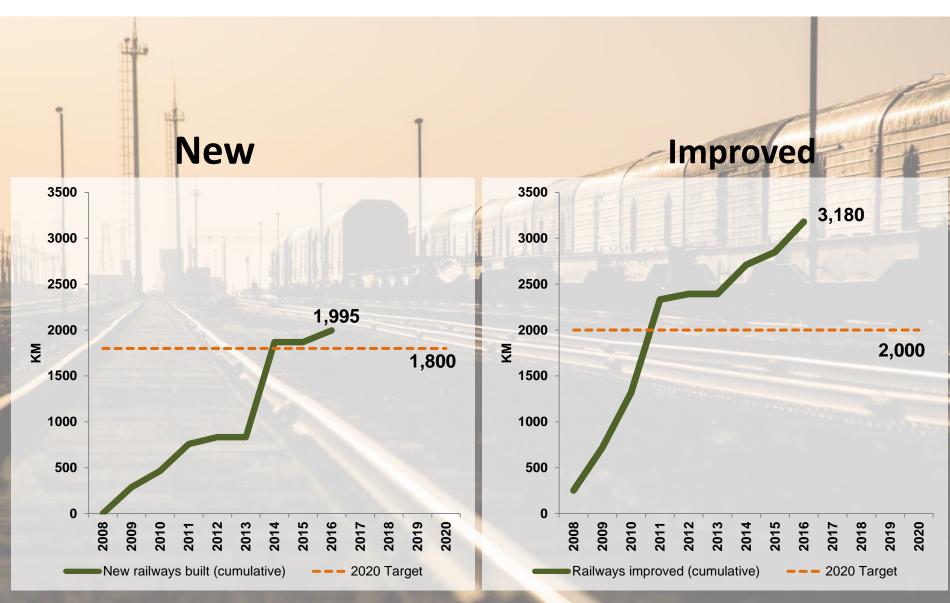
Annual Reporting on Progress

Progress against targets: Road



Data Source: Transport Sector Progress Report, June 2017.

Progress against targets: Railways



Data Source: Transport Sector Progress Report, June 2017



II. Improve Trade and Border Crossing Services

ВСР	Status	
Dusti (Tajikistan)	Completed in 2015	
Guliston (Tajikistan)	Completed under RIBS project in 2016	
Karamyk (Kyrgyz Republic)	Construction ongoing under RIBS project	
Torkham, Chaman, Wagha (Pakistan)	Ongoing procurement, land acquisition and facility design under RIBS project	



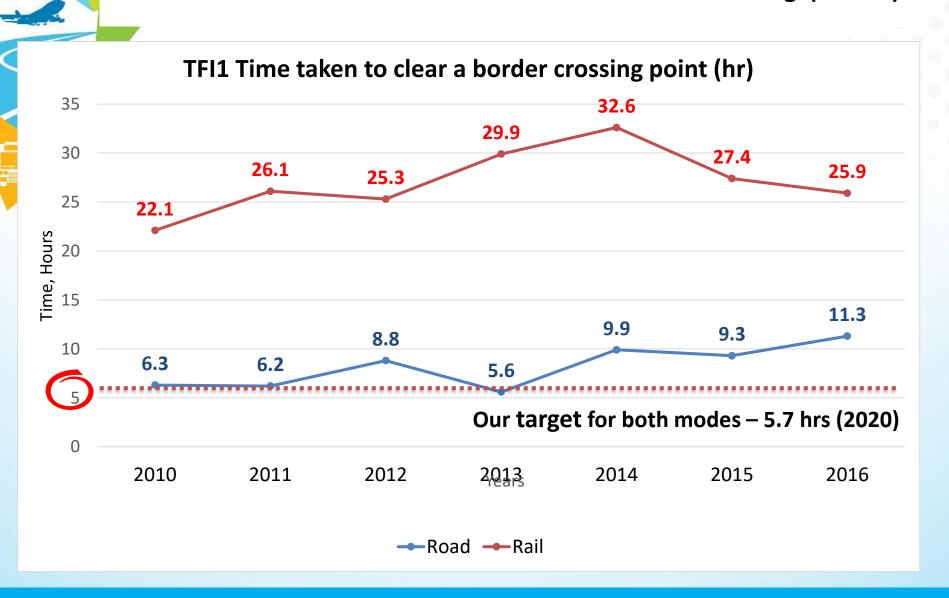


CAREC TTFS 2020: Result-based Framework Outcome level indicators

Outcomes	CPMM 2016	Target (2020)
Average speed (SWD) on CAREC Corridors (kph)	22.3 (road) 14.3 (rail)	30
Time to clear a Border Crossing Point on CAREC Corridors (hrs)	11.3 (road) 25.3 (rail)	5.7
Cost to clear a BCP on CAREC Corridors (\$)	160 (road) 214 (rail)	149

CAREC Corridor Performance

Based on CAREC Performance Measurement and Monitoring (CPMM)

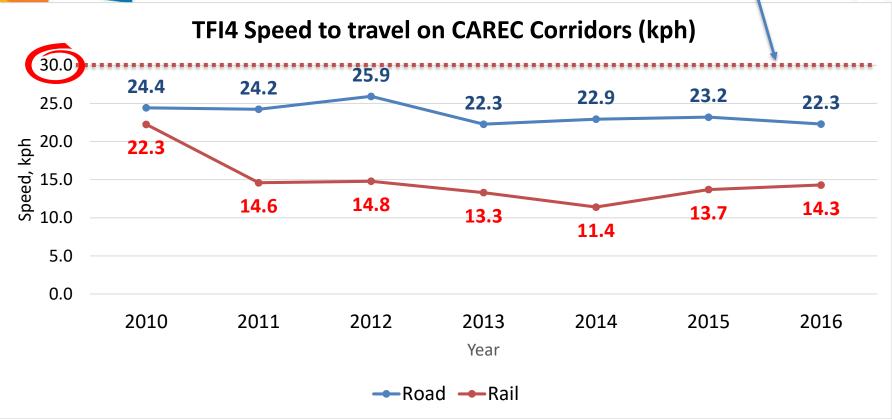


CAREC Corridor Performance

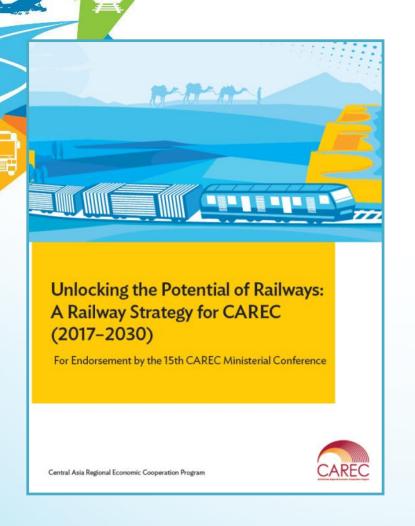
Based on CAREC Performance Measurement and Monitoring (CPMM)



Our target - 30.0 kph (2020)

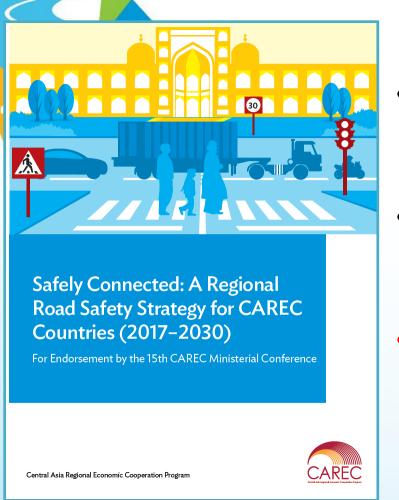


III. Improve Operational and Institutional Effectiveness: Railways



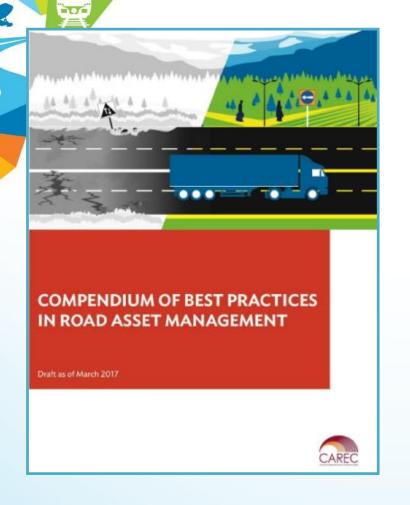
- CAREC Railway Strategy endorsed by member countries in October 2016
- Results-based framework specifically for railways, to guide monitoring and reporting

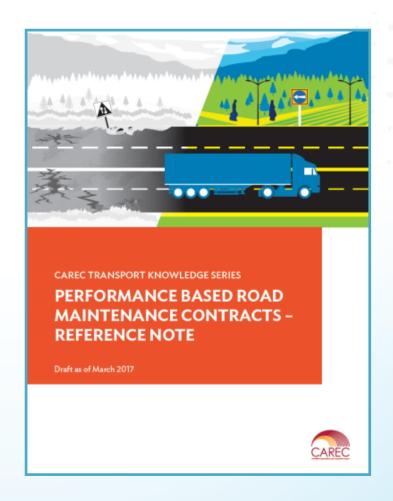
III. Improve Operational and Institutional Effectiveness: Road Safety



- CAREC Road Safety Strategy endorsed by the 15th MC in October 2016
- 3 knowledge products to be published by end 2017 (Road Safety Engineering Manual Series)
- Annual self-reporting against agreed actions by each country

III. Improve Operational and Institutional Effectiveness: Road Asset Management (RAM)





 Provides status of road asset management in CAREC countries

Coming soon: CAREC Aviation Scoping Study Objective Identify and prioritize actions that can be meaningfully undertaken by the CAREC program in support of improved air transport connectivity Coverage **Policies and standards** II. Infrastructure and equipment **III.** Operations air astana



- Regional cooperation programs such as CAREC can enable countries to monitor progress toward SDGs especially those of regional nature/significance
- Such programs can also help make progress on issues related to SDGs in the transport sector, both in terms of (i) hard infrastructure, and (ii) soft-side interventions



Thank you for your attention!

Quoted material available for free at: www.carecprogram.org